

BELLEVUE GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY
B. A. STRICKLAND & CO.,

BELLEVUE, N. T.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1856.

The Legislature.

In a few days more, the Legislature of the Territory will commence its session, being the third since the "Nebraska Act" gave us an embryonic political existence. Some of the members have served in our former Legislative Assembly, but most of them are new, and all fresh from the people, having been elected by their several constituencies in November. From those of them whom we know, we augur the best results. We either misunderstand their character, or they will be true to their constituents—true to the people—true to the Territory—true to themselves. There is much for them to do. Our laws are in a crude, disjointed state; and as the duration of the session is limited by the Organic Act to forty days, it will require all their wisdom, all their prudence, and their most zealous and untiring efforts to arrange a wholesome system of laws, consistent with, and adequate to, the public wants, in so short a time. Some clipping of our present statutes is needed, to abolish existing incongruities. Some new enactments must be made to supply omissions, and to give effect to past enactments. Past Legislation has been much devoted to local matters. What we now need is a united, energetic, straightforward effort at perfecting our general laws. We think that but very few more bridge charters, ferry charters, bank charters and city charters are required at the present time; and we do hope that if any more special privileges are to be granted, they will not all be monopolized by members of the Legislature. We have an old-fashioned notion that, somehow or other, it don't look well to see the names of Legislators figuring in special acts, passed by their own votes. No doubt, Councilmen and Representatives are smart, active and energetic men, and make good ferrymen, good bridge-builders, good bankers, &c., but then other folks ought to have a chance, now and then. We believe, however, that the members of the Legislature soon to assemble, will regard the public interest as of paramount importance, and will honestly represent the public will. As we above suggested, the time to which they are restricted for the performance of their public duties, is short—too short, in our opinion. The members of the Legislature come together from all parts of the Territory, and in many instances are total strangers to each other, and totally unacquainted with the business of Legislation. They have first to learn each other, and then to learn to act together. The first ten days are usually spent in becoming acquainted with their duties, having but thirty days in which to fulfill them. Business comes. Local questions arise in different quarters, and are pressed upon the Committees and the House. Petitions are presented, and remonstrances introduced. The matters must be examined, digested and reported upon. The thing must be done hurriedly, as the time is short. But towards the close of the brief session, the bills—lots of them—get before the House—some of them artificially drawn by interested parties, and some hurriedly drawn by the Committees in the discharge of their duties. These must be acted upon and rejected or passed. In the hurry and excitement of the close of the session, the attention is distracted. Latent frauds and ambiguities pass our notice. Incongruities are unobserved. Now is the time if you have a bill containing a doubtful provision to get it passed. Call it up and it will pass nine chances to one. And this may be charged in many instances to a short, economical session. Forty days is too short a time for the Legislature of Nebraska to do all its duties carefully and well; and if not well done, it were better, perhaps, they were not done at all.

We would respectfully urge the members of our Legislature not to leave matters to the latter end of the session, no farther than is absolutely necessary, and especially as it regards matters of general interest.

Knighthood Declined.

The King of Denmark has conferred upon Lieut. M. F. MAURY, U. S. N., the Cross of a Knight of the Order of Dannebrog, in recognition of his eminent services in the cause of science. This mark of favor has been declined, it being contrary to our Constitution to accept a title from any foreign potentate.

The tops of the Catskill Mountains were thickly covered with snow on the 13th.

The Democratic Festival.

According to previous announcement, the Democracy met at Omaha City on the 10th inst. The day was an auspicious one, and although the traveling, owing to the recent snow storm, was bad, there was a large and most respectable assemblage, and the unfettered were out in their strength to congratulate each other and their brethren abroad, that the great Democratic party had come out of this last and hardly fought contest triumphant, and inspired with new energy and self-sacrificing patriotism. They met in the Methodist Church in the morning, at 11 o'clock, when speeches were made by His Excellency, Gov. Izard, and Lieut. Gov. McCosmos, of Virginia, who elicited the most rapturous applause. They were followed by several others, whose speeches breathed a true devotion to the only National party now in existence, and love for the Union, the whole Union. After some three hours of the most enthusiastic speaking, they adjourned to the Douglas House and Hamilton Hall, where a report had been provided. The tables of both the hosts, Messrs. NELSONS and JONSON & BURNHAM, were loaded with delicacies, and would have done credit to any Eastern city, convincing one at a glance that high living was appreciated, even in Nebraska. After the inner man was somewhat satisfied, several toasts were offered and responded to in an appropriate manner, and we can safely say we have never witnessed an occasion of this kind where there was a better feeling or an exhibition of more decided ability.

In the evening the party again assembled in the spacious hall at the Hamilton House, where there was a most brilliant display of "beauty and chivalry," and we could hardly believe, as we looked upon this throng, that we were standing where, but a few months since, there was scarcely a dwelling or any evidence of enterprise or civilization. After "tipping the light fantastic toe" until the small hours of morning, they adjourned with genial good feeling, better satisfied with themselves and the world, nothing having occurred to disturb the pleasure of the occasion, which will be long remembered by all present as one of the most pleasant that it has ever been their good fortune to experience.

Gen. J. B. Robertson, the Indian Agent, arrived at our place on Monday of this week. He has just returned from the payment of the Omahas and Otoes, where, we understand, everything went off very much to the satisfaction of all concerned. The remnant of these tribes (once noble and powerful bands), have been placed comparatively in comfortable circumstances by the steady, wise and humane policy of Gen. Robertson, the Government Agent, and, as we predicted, he is just the man for the place, and no better appointment could have been made. He is active and ever awake to those duties of constant and continual care and attention to those poor, wandering bipeds which our government owe a fatherly and protecting care, and it is this kind of treatment they received at the General's hands, and we repeat, the policy the General has adopted, and so far executed, is the identical one meant by the letter and spirit of our Government to be pursued; and while it redounds in most happy results to these poor Indians, this policy is well calculated to preserve that peaceful and favorable relation which does and should exist between the Indians and our settlers. The General besides is a gentleman we like to meet, popular and winning in his manners, agreeable and sociable in his intercourse with his fellow-men, and is lastly a good, sound, thorough-going National Democrat.

Caution to Western Travellers.

The Pittsburg Chronicle states there is considerable business done in selling bogus railroad tickets and conductors checks for tickets in many of the more prominent cities of the West. Those wishing to travel on railroads should never purchase tickets of any persons who hawk them about. The regular offices of the companies are the only safe places at which genuine tickets can be obtained. There should be some additional precaution adopted in the manner of protecting strangers from imposition.

Grapes.

The Patent Office in Washington, has recently received some elegant specimens of "Malaga Grapes," from California. They are large full, and luscious; the fruits of the vine introduced into that country a hundred years ago. It is the opinion of those employed in the agricultural department of that office that our country at large can be supplied with those grapes from California, at a cheaper rate than those from Malaga or elsewhere not of the United States can now be furnished.

Telegraphic Communication with Europe.

We understand that, today, telegraphic communication, for business purposes, will be opened on the new line just put in operation between this city and St. John's, Newfoundland. This line has been built by a company of capitalists of this city, principally, and is the American contribution to the great transatlantic enterprise, which is destined, in a very short space of time, to place the two commercial capitals of the world in direct telegraphic communication with each other, over the wires of the great Transatlantic Telegraphic Company. The distance from New York to St. John's, Newfoundland, following the telegraph wires, is 1,715 miles. Along a part of this distance, namely, from Ashpe Bay, N. S., to Cape Bay, N. F., say eighty-five miles—a superior English submarine cable has been laid with the most flattering success. Of the whole route, 880 miles (from New York to Nova Scotia) are under the control of the American Telegraph Company, having their office at No. 21 Wall street, in this city, and the balance (835 miles, including the submarine cable), are under that of the Newfoundland Company, of which Peter Cooper Esq., of this city, is President, and a heavy stockholder. A large part of the line on this route is new, and the remaining portion has been recently overhauled and thoroughly repaired, and the whole is pronounced, by competent judges, to be the most perfect and substantial line in the country.

With regard to the submarine extension of this line from Newfoundland across the Atlantic to Galway, in Ireland,—a distance of about 1,600 miles,—we have some reliable information. We learn that the project is looked upon with great favor in Europe, both by capitalists and scientific men. A company has been formed in London, under the auspices of Cyrus W. Field, Esq., of New York, and Sir John W. Brett, the distinguished English engineer, who has already earned an extended reputation by his eminently successful construction of several extensive submarine telegraphs in Europe, including the one recently laid down across the Mediterranean. At the first meeting of this company held in London on the 23d of October, over one-third of the capital required for the completion of the transatlantic enterprise was immediately taken up, and the whole amount could have been disposed of on the spot, but for previous determination of the projectors to apportion a share of the stock amongst the commercial capitalists of the Continent. We understand that one of the Rothschilds has intimated a willingness to take the whole of the Continental apportionment, provided there should be found any difficulty in disposing of it in the manner proposed. But no such difficulty is apprehended by the managers; on the contrary, their chief source of trouble would seem to be how to dispose of their stock so as to satisfy all the numerous applicants for it.

At the meeting of the company alluded to above, some discussion was had as to the feasibility of the enterprise, so far as the successful laying of the cable and working across the Atlantic was concerned. On these points there seemed to be but one opinion, and that was, that the project would be carried to a successful accomplishment before the close of the ensuing summer. The distinguished engineers, Brunel and Stevenson, and others of scarcely less note, have given opinions in favor of the practicability of the enterprise and, as a test of their confidence, offered to take a pecuniary interest in it.

On a view of the whole matter—taking into consideration the voluntary accorded opinions in its favor, of the most distinguished engineers and electricians of Europe, together with the eagerness with which a pecuniary interest in the enterprise is sought by the leading capitalists of Europe, we may look upon direct telegraphic communication between New York, London and all the Continental capitals of Europe as almost a *fait accompli*, and we congratulate our business community in advance of the fact.—[N. Y. Times.]

Message of the Gov. of Arkansas.

The Legislature of Arkansas met on the 4th inst., and received the annual message of Gov. Conway. It is devoted entirely to State affairs. The State finances are in good condition. A balance of \$424,125, in gold and silver, remains in the Treasury. The Governor reports the State as rapidly growing in population and wealth. In 1852 the assessment of taxable property amounted to \$42,900,080; that of 1856 is \$70,755,045—showing an increase in four years of \$27,855,961, or nearly seventy per cent., and he anticipates that, with prudence, skill and economy, the State will be able, by the time the bonds given by her fall due, to pay them in full, without oppressive taxation.

Kansas Affairs in Washington.

The resignation of Donaldson, U. S. Marshal for Kansas has reached that city, and been accepted. A great effort is making to have him re-appointed in spite of Governor GEARY, but the President insists that Geary shall be sustained. The vacancy has not been filled.

The debate on the admission of Whitfield, from Kansas, resulted in the refusal to admit. Yeas, 57—Nays 101. The Americans voted aye and a motion to reconsider was carried.

Mr. GRAY, a ship builder at Milan, Ohio, has procured the contract for building the six revenue cutters which government is about to place on the Lakes.

NEWS ITEMS.

The Louisville papers report the Bank of East Tennessee as having failed.

It is estimated that there are 700,000 pianos in use in this country at the present time.

It is said that Thalberg, the celebrated pianist, is married to a daughter of La-bache, the famous basso.

BENJAMIN ASHLEY, who built the first steamboat on the Connecticut river, died recently at Springfield, Mass., aged 81.

A TRUE BILL was found against Orson Colgrove, for passing counterfeit money, at the recent sitting of the Crawford Co. (Pa.) Court.

W. W. WHARTON, of the firm of McKay & Wharton, was drowned at Baltimore on Wednesday, by falling from a ferry boat.

DAVID HUNT, Esq., of Jefferson county, Ala., has presented to Oakland College the munificent sum of fifty thousand dollars.

GEN. GUYON, one of the heroes of the Hungarian war, and who subsequently entered the Turkish service, assuming the name of Khurechid Pacha, died on the 12th ult., at Constantinople.

THE PARIS Medical Gazette states, that of the 3,295,202 young men examined in France for military service during nineteen years, 13,007 were exempted on account of defective sight.

THE Madison (Ga.) Messenger states that on the 30th ult., Mr. William Pearce was about to flog a negro, when the latter split his masters' skull with an ax, killing him instantly. The negro made his escape.

W. F. JOHNSON, the owner of a land factory on the Lake shore at Chicago, Ill., has recovered \$51,000 damages from the Illinois Central Railroad Company for cutting through his property.

Dr. E. K. JAMES, who was serving out a term of six months' imprisonment in the jail of Rutherfordton, N. C., for the killing of A. J. Train, in Hendersonville, a few months ago; committed suicide on the 7th inst.

DANIEL S. GOOD, who, on the 19th of January, 1853, was sentenced to four years imprisonment in the Lancaster Co. prison, Pa., for an assault and battery with intent to kill, was on Monday the 1st ult., pardoned by Gov. Pollock.

MARTIN F. TUPPER, well known in the literary world, has given a gold medal for the encouragement of Librarian literature, to be awarded to the author of the best essay on "The Future of Liberia." All competitors must be citizens of Liberia.

It is estimated that the next years tax bill for the city of New York will amount to ten millions of dollars. One of the charges against the administration of John Quincy Adams was that the expenses of the Government amounted to thirteen millions a year.

IN CLEANING out an old well on a rancho, recently occupied by a Captain Colebrook, on the Calaveras road, between the Calaveras and Stanislaus rivers, in California, portions of the skeletons of 27 men were discovered. The police were instituting an active search for the late occupant of the place.

Two SCHOOL boys, named Hogan and White, aged respectively 20 and 16 years got into a dispute a few days ago, while attending school in Simpson county, Ky., about a bet they had made in relation to the Presidential election. From words they came to blows, resulting in Hogan receiving a wound from an ax which caused his death.

MR. M. QUIMBY, of St. Johnsville, Montgomery county, N. Y., has sold this year upwards of 20,000 pounds of honey. Himself and Son make the production of honey a business, and undoubtedly a very profitable one. The honey is delectable by the bees in small, cheap boxes, and glass sides and ends, and sold in the same by weight, including the weight of boxes.

A LONDON paper gives a very gratifying account of the progress Christianity has made in New Zealand. A Chief of that cannibal country was questioned by one of the missionaries as to how far the study of the Scriptures has broken him of his unnatural passion for human flesh. The Chief answered proudly:—"You missionary men have done me much good; I never eat my enemies on Sundays now."

On the morning of Saturday the 6th ult., a tremendous explosion took place in the powder mill owned by William Pratt, at Acron Mass., which was blown to atoms. Two men at work inside of the building were instantly killed. The explosion was sensibly felt in towns thirty miles distant, some supposing it to be an earthquake, while others ran up stairs, supposing pieces of furniture had fallen down.

THE FOUNDER of the Icarian Community at Nauvoo, M. Cabot, died at St. Louis on the 9th inst., of an attack of apoplexy. Mr. Cabot's name has been brought prominently before the public within the last four or five years, in connection with his new scientific enterprise, and he has been subjected to much criticism and animadversion. The Community at Nauvoo was founded upon the ruins of the Mormon company of Joe Smith, and the buildings occupied by the latter were devoted to the use of the Icarians. The age of M. Cabot was about sixty-nine years.

OMAHA ADVERTISEMENTS.

New York

GUN AND JEWELRY STORE.

DEALERS in Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Musical Instruments, Rifles, Shot Guns, and Pistols.

CLOCKS. They bear and eight day clocks of the two best manufactures in the Union; steamboat and office spring clocks.

GUNS. Single and double shot Guns, from five to fifty dollars; Rifles, of our own make; also, Eastern make; Pistols of all kinds; pistol boxes, shot bags, wadding and wad cutters; common and water-proof caps; colts' caps, and numerous other articles suitable for the Western trade, which neither time nor space will allow to enumerate.

ALL of the above articles sold on the most reasonable terms. Repairing done to order at short notice. no 9-11.

THOS. MACON, ALEX. MACON, H. O. JONES, MACON, Brother & Co. LAW AND LAND AGENTS, Omaha City Nebraska Territory. no 9-11.

ANDREW J. POPPLETON, WILLIAM N. BYERS, Poppleton & Byers,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, AND GENERAL LAND AGENTS, Omaha City, Nebraska. Land Warrants bought and sold. Land Entered on Time. Special attention given to the selection and entry of Lands for Settlers, and all others desiring choice locations. Land Claims, Town lots and all kinds of Real Estate, bought and sold and investments made for Distant Dealers.

A Competent Surveyor and Draughtsman always in readiness to survey lands, find and select Lands and Town lots, and draft City Plats. 1-11

Bowen & Strickland,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Real Estate, City Lots and Claims bought and sold. Purchasers will do well to call at our office and examine our list of City Lots, &c., before purchasing elsewhere. Office in Cook's new building, corner of Fifth and Main streets.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

On the corner of Nineteenth Avenue and First street, (occupied by Dr. Rice.) The above House will be sold low, if immediate application is made to Messrs Seaton & Rowles, Main street. no 9-11.

APEX!!

CHARLES D. GREEN AND RICHARD KIMBALL, Having purchased this well known and popular Saloon, in Omaha city, would respectfully inform the public, that they are now prepared to furnish their customers, at all hours, with HOT MEALS, OYSTERS, SARDINES, PIGS FEET, PICKLED TONGUE, GAME, and other

REFRESHMENTS.

Comprising all the Delicacies of the season. Come ye that hunger and thirst—Come to the APEX and ye shall be filled. 1-11 GREEN & KIMBALL.

BUTCHERING.

THE UNDERSIGNED takes pleasure in announcing to the inhabitants of Bellevue and vicinity, that I have commenced the above business in this city, and will be pleased to serve them at all times with

BEEF.

VEAL, PORK, MUTTON, VENISON, &c.

of the best quality. Having had several years experience in the business, I feel confident in saying that all who will favor me with a call, will be pleased with the quality of my meats, and become regular customers. I am also making arrangements to supply my customers with the best quality of Sausage. no 5-11 WILLIAM ALLEN.

NEW STORE.

SEATON & ROWLES.

Bellevue, N. T. HAVING removed into our large new store, on Main street, we are now enabled to offer to the Citizens of Douglas county, one of the Largest, Cheapest and best Selected Stock of Goods, ever opened in this city, consisting in part of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Stove ware, Hardware, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats & Caps, Woodenware, &c., &c.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to us, we earnestly solicit its continuance, feeling confident that the quality and price of our goods, cannot fail to please.

SEATON & ROWLES. Bellevue, Oct. 23, 1856.—1-11

BENTON HOUSE.

George Jennings, Proprietor.

THIS House is situated in the pleasantest part of Bellevue, in a beautiful and healthy location and commands a view of country, which for beauty cannot be excelled in this Territory. It is fitted up in the best manner, and no pains will be spared to make all who may favor him with their patronage, feel at home.

HIS TABLE.

Will always be supplied with all the delicacies the market affords.

Attached to this Hotel is an excellent

STABLE,

which we shall always have attended by competent and faithful Ostlers. Bellevue, Oct. 23, 1856.—1-11

MASONS WANTED.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, by the subscribers, in Bellevue, SIX GOOD MASONS, to whom GOOD WAGES, and CONSTANT Employment, will be given. M. SHAW, Bellevue, Oct. 23, 1856.—1-11

A VALUABLE CLAIM FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale his claim of 160 acres, situated four miles West of Bellevue, in Township 13, Range 13. This claim is well situated, has several FINE SPRINGS, a

Never Failing Stream of Water.

About EIGHT ACRES OF FINE TIMBER, four acres of land broken, and a good LOG CABIN on the place. Title undisputed. Possession given immediately.

D. A. LOGAN, Bellevue, Oct. 23, 1856.—1-11

GLENWOOD ADVERTISEMENTS.

LATE ARRIVAL!!

AT GLENWOOD, IOWA.

TOOTLE & GREENE

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF A FRESH SUPPLY OF NEW VARIETY GOODS,

Which, when complete, will compose the LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK IN MILLS COUNTY.

OUR STOCK OF GROCERIES

Are bought at the lowest terms for cash, and consist of

COFFEE, SUGAR, TEAS, RICE, CURRANTS, RAISINS, CANDIES, MOLASSES, SYRUP, FRUIT, NUTS, &c., &c., &c.

DRY GOODS.

Ladies and Gents, call and see them, and price for yourselves. They have not been summered and wintered in St. Louis, but bought and shipped direct from the Eastern cities. Late styles and a full assortment of DRESS GOODS, from a ten cent Lawn to a Two Dollar Silk. Also, a few fine SILK SHAWLS, BONNETS and PARASOLS.

CLOTHING.

A fine stock—old and young, frogies and 'fast' men, call soon if you want a nice coat, vest or pants, on reasonable terms.

HATS!! HATS!!

New styles, cheap and durable.

HARDWARE.

A very large assortment, consisting in part of Smith's Tools, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Rakes, Hoes, Bells, Mill, Crosscut, and Hand Saws, Files, Augers, Axes, Broadaxes, Adzes, Chisels, &c., &c., to the end of the chapter.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

A large lot, consisting of Pine Doors, Sash, Shutter Blinds, Paints, Oils, Nails, Locks, Latches, Glass, Putty, &c.

FURNITURE.

Bureaus, Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, Tin Safes, Cubbards, Stands, &c.

We will sell cheaper for cash than any house in Western Iowa. no 8-11.

TOOTLE & GREENE.

HUFFMAN'S STAGE LINE.

BELLEVUE, ST. MARYS AND GLENWOOD STAGE LINE.

HUFFMAN'S LINE will leave Glenwood, via St. Marys for Bellevue, on Monday's, Wednesday's and Saturday's, at 10 o'clock. A. M., and will leave the Benton House, Bellevue, via St. Marys for Glenwood, on the same days at 1 o'clock, P. M.

This Line connects at St. Marys, with the Council Bluffs and St. Joseph Stages, and at Glenwood with the various lines from the Mississippi to the Missouri Rivers.

Travelers on this Line will find every convenience and accommodation, to make their trips pleasant and speedy. Comfortable Coaches, Careful Drivers and well-fed Horses.

no 5-11. ROBERT HUFFMAN.

NEW GOODS

CHEAP GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED BY

NUCKOLLS & CO.,

GLENWOOD, IOWA.

A Large and Well Selected Stock (Expressly for THIS MARKET) of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, CASTINGS, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, PINE DOORS, IRON, NAILS, SASH, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, LOCKS, LATCHES, WINDOW SHUTTERS, &c., &c.

HAVING been bought and shipped at low figures, we flatter ourselves we are able to offer such inducements to CASH BUYERS as have not heretofore been offered.

We ask an examination of our Goods and prices, before purchasing elsewhere. The Ladies will find at our Store a large stock of

DRESS GOODS,

CHALLIS, BERGE, DELAINS, POPLINS, GINGHAMS, VICTORIA LAWN, EMBROIDERED ROBES, PLAID SILKS, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold very LOW.

NUCKOLLS & CO. GLENWOOD, Mills Co., Iowa. no 4-11.

NEW STORE!

NEW GOODS!! NEW PRICES!!

New Everything, at the Old Stand of

SARPY & ENGLISH.

EDWARD C. BOSBYSHILL

HAS the honor to inform the people of the Southern District of Douglas and the adjoining counties, Nebraska, that he is now opening one of the largest Stocks of GOODS ever brought to Glenwood, Mills county, Iowa, consisting of

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, HATS & CAPS, NAILS, CORNAGE, OILS, PAINTS, WOOD AND WILLOW WARE, READY-MADE CLOTHING, CARPENTERS' TOOLS, YANKEE NOTIONS, &c., &c.

And everything that may be found generally in city stores, all of which he will sell

CHEAP FOR CASH.

ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods. Buyers from town or country wishing good and cheap Goods, either at wholesale or retail, will save money by calling and examining his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as they will find good bargains and fair dealing.

GLENWOOD, Iowa. no 4-11